CHAPTER 61.5-01-01 ORGANIZATION OF THE BOARD

Section

61.5-01-01-01Organization of the North Dakota Board of Physical Therapy

61.5-01-01. Organization of the North Dakota board of physical therapy.

- 1. **History**. The state examining committee for physical therapists was created in 1959 to assist the state board of medical examiners in the examination and registration of physical therapists in North Dakota. While it operated as a separate committee, it was by law an advisory committee to the state board of medical examiners. The forty-sixth legislative assembly in 1979 revamped most of North Dakota Century Code chapter 43-26 on physical therapists, and in the process made the committee a separate entity with complete jurisdiction over the examination and registration of physical therapists. In 1989, the legislative assembly allowed physical therapists to practice without a physician referral and in 2005 the fifty-ninth legislative assembly completely revised the physical therapy practice act and renamed the committee the North Dakota board of physical therapy.
- **2. Meetings.** Any board member who fails to attend two consecutive annual meetings shall have been deemed to have resigned unless the member has reasons satisfactory to the board for being unable to attend.
- **3. Compensation.** Board members shall receive expenses from board funds for each day or a portion thereof spent in board work as provided for other state officers in North Dakota Century Code chapter 44-08.
- **4. Executive officer.** The board shall designate an executive officer and shall compensate any person it hires to administer the board's duties.

The executive officer is: Ms. Lynn G. Kubousek P.O. Box 69
Grafton, ND 58237
(701) 352-0125

Contact information is available on the North Dakota board of physical therapy website at www.ndbpt.org

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective August 1, 1983; April 1,

1988; April 1, 1992; February 1, 1993; July 1, 2004; April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02.1

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-02.1, 43-26.1-02, 43-26.1-03

DEFINITIONS

Section 61.5-01-02-01Definitions

- **61.5-01-02-01. Definitions.** Unless specifically stated otherwise, the following definitions are applicable throughout this title:
 - 1. "A school of physical therapy or a program of physical therapist assistant training" is a nationally accredited program approved by the board.
 - 2. "Board" means the North Dakota board of physical therapy.
 - 3. "Consultation by means of telecommunications" means that a physical therapist renders professional or expert opinion or advice to another physical therapist or health care provider via telecommunications or computer technology from a distant location. It includes the transfer of data or exchange of educational or related information by means of audio, video, or data communications. The physical therapist may use telehealth technology as a vehicle for providing only services that are legally or professionally authorized. The patient's written or verbal consent will be obtained and documented prior to such consultation. All records used or resulting from a consultation by means of telecommunications are part of a patient's record and are subject to applicable confidentiality requirements.
 - 4. "Continuing competence" means the lifelong process of maintaining and documenting competence through ongoing self-assessment, development and implementation of a personal learning plan, and subsequent reassessment.
 - <u>5.</u> "Direct supervision" means the physical therapist is physically present on the premises and immediately available for direction and supervision. The physical therapist will have direct contact with the patient during each visit. Telecommunications does not meet the requirement for direct supervision.
 - <u>65</u>. "Examination" means a national examination approved by the board for the licensure of a physical therapist or a physical therapist assistant.
 - $\underline{76}$. "Manual therapy" means the use of techniques such as mobilization or manipulation, manual lymphatic drainage, and manual traction on one or more regions of the body.
 - <u>8</u>7. "Onsite supervision" means the supervising physical therapist is onsite and present in the department or facility where services are provided, is immediately available to the person being supervised, and maintains continued involvement in appropriate aspects of each treatment session in which supportive personnel are involved in components of care.

- 98. "Physical therapist" means a person licensed under North Dakota Century Code chapter 43-26.1 to practice physical therapy. The term "physiotherapist" is synonymous with "physical therapist" for purposes of these rules.
- <u>10</u>9. "Physical therapist assistant" means a person licensed under North Dakota Century Code chapter 43-26.1 who assists a physical therapist in selected components of physical therapy intervention. The physical therapist assistant must be a graduate of a physical therapist assistant program approved by the board.
- 11 10. "Physical therapy" means the care and services by or under the direction of a physical therapist.
- <u>12</u>14. "Physical therapy aide" means a person trained under the direction of a physical therapist who performs designated and supervised routine tasks related to physical therapy.
- 13 12. "Practice of physical therapy" means:
 - a. Examining, evaluating, and testing individuals with mechanical, physiological, and developmental impairments, functional limitations in movement and mobility, and disabilities or other health-related and movement-related conditions in order to determine a diagnosis for physical therapy, prognosis, and plan of therapeutic intervention, and to assess the ongoing effects of intervention.
 - b. Alleviating impairments, functional limitations in movement and mobility, and disabilities by designing, implementing, and modifying therapeutic interventions that may include therapeutic exercise; neuromuscular education; functional training related to positioning, movement, and mobility in self-care and in-home, community, or work integration or reintegration; manual therapy; therapeutic massage; prescription, application and, as appropriate, fabrication of assistive, adaptive, orthotic, prosthetic, protective, and supportive devices and equipment related to positioning, movement, and mobility; airway clearance techniques; integumentary protection and repair techniques; debridement and wound care; physiotherapy; physical agents or modalities; mechanical and electrotherapeutic modalities; and patient-related instruction.
 - c. Engaging as a physical therapist in reducing the risk of injury, impairment, functional limitation, and disability, including the promotion and maintenance of fitness, health, and wellness in populations of all ages.

- d. Engaging as a physical therapist in administration, consultation, education, and research.
- <u>14</u> <u>13.</u> "Restricted license" for a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant means a license on which the board places restrictions or conditions, or both, as to scope of practice, place of practice, supervision of practice, duration of licensed status, or type or condition of patient or client to whom the licensee may provide services.
- <u>15</u> <u>14.</u> "Student" is an individual who is currently engaged in the fulfillment of a physical therapy or physical therapist assistant educational program approved by the board.
- <u>16</u> <u>15</u>. "Supportive personnel" are persons other than licensed physical therapists who function in a physical therapy setting and assist with physical therapy care.
- 17 "Telehealth" is the use of electronic communications to provide and deliver a host of health-related information and healthcare services, including, but not limited to physical therapy related information and services, over large and small distance. Telehealth encompasses a variety of healthcare and health promotion activities, including, but not limited to, education, advice, reminders, interventions, and monitoring of interventions.
- 18 16. "Testing" means standard methods and techniques used to gather data about the patient.

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective April 1, 1992;

December 1, 1994; July 1, 2004; April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5)

Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-01, 43-26.1-04

CHAPTER 61.5-02-01 EXAMINATIONS

Section

61.5-02-01-01 Frequency of Examinations

61.5-02-01-02 Location of Examinations

61.5-02-01-03 Repeating Examinations

61.5-02-01-04 Eligibility to Take Examination

61.5-02-01-01. Frequency of examinations. Computer-based examinations are available by appointment at designated sites in North Dakota. <u>Other testing sites are available in the United States, United States territories, and Canada.</u>

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective July 1, 2004.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5)

Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-03, 43-26.1-05

61.5-02-01-02. Location of examinations. The board shall designate testing site locations within North Dakota. Other testing sites are available in the United States, United States territories, and Canada.

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective July 1, 2004; April 1,

2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5)

Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-03, 43-26.1-05

61.5-02-01-03. Repeating examinations. An applicant who fails an examination may repeat the examination, but must pay another examination fee each time the examination is repeated. After the second failed attempt, an applicant must reapply for licensure and complete a remediation plan approved by the board, and wait at least sixty days before repeating the examination. An applicant is limited to three examination attempts within any 12 month period may not write the examination more than three times within a calendar year.

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective April 1, 1992; July 1,

2004; April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5)

Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-03, 43-26.1-05

61.5-02-01-04. Eligibility to take examination. An applicant must have graduated from an approved program or demonstrate good standing in the final semester of an approved program prior to writing the examination. The earliest date the examination for licensure may be taken by the applicant is the examination nearest to and before the applicant's expected graduation date.

History: Effective April 1, 1992; amended effective July 1, 2004.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5)

Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-03, 43-26.1-05

CHAPTER 61.5-02-02 LICENSURE

Section

61.5-02-02-01 General Licensure Requirements for Graduates of Approved Curricula

61.5-02-02-02 Types of Licensure

61.5-02-03 Registration Requirements for Graduates of Foreign Curricula [Repealed]

61.5-02-02-04 Types of Registration [Repealed]

61.5-02-02-05 Renewal of Licensure

- 61.5-02-02-05.1 Reinstatement of Licenses 61.5-02-02-06 Exceptions to Licensure
- 61.5-02-02-07 Grounds for Disciplinary Actions

61.5-02-01. General licensure requirements for graduates of approved curricula. The following requirements apply to all applicants for licensure who are graduates of physical therapy or physical therapist assistant curricula approved by the board:

- 1. United States-educated applicants:
 - a. A completed application form.
 - b. Payment of the fees set by the board.
 - c. An official transcript giving evidence of graduation from a curricula approved by the board.
 - d. Passing scores on the national examination approved by the board.
 - e. Completion of the juris prudence examination.
 - f. Completion of other educational requirements as set by the board.
 - g. At the board's discretion, an interview with the board or its designees.

2. Foreign-educated applicants:

- a. A completed application form.
- b. Payment of the appropriate fees set by the board.
- c. Verification of documents by an agency recognized by the board.
- d. Satisfactory evidence that the applicant's education is substantially equivalent to the requirements of physical therapists educated in a physical therapy education program approved by the board. Substantially equivalent means an applicant for licensure educated outside of the United States shall have:
 - (1) Graduated from a physical therapist education program that prepares the applicant to engage without restrictions in the practice of physical therapy.

- (2) Proof that the applicant's school of physical therapy education is recognized by its own ministry of education.
- (3) Pass the board-approved English proficiency examination if the applicant's native language is not English.
- (4) For initial licensure, satisfactory completion of the Federation of State Boards of Physical Therapy Coursework Tool in effect in 2015, and for licensure by endorsement, satisfactory completion of the Federation of State Boards of Physical Therapy 2015

 Coursework Tool, or a prior version in effect at the time of graduation from the physical therapy education program.
- e. Passing scores on the national examination approved by the board.
- f. Completion of juris prudence examination.
- g. At the board's discretion, an interview with the board or its designees.
- h. At the board's discretion, successful completion of a supervised clinical practice including Completion of 1,000 hours of a six-month preceptorship under the direct onsite supervision of a physical therapist licensed and actively practicing in North Dakota or successful completion of a supervised clinical practice tool approved by the board.

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective July 1, 2004; April 1,

2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5)

Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-03, 43-26.1-04

61.5-02-02-02. Types of licensure.

- 1. For licensure by examination, all general licensure requirements must be met.
- 2. For licensure by endorsement from another United States jurisdiction:
 - a. All general licensure requirements must be met.
 - b. Verification of licensure in good standing from all jurisdictions in which the applicant has been licensed.
 - c. Copy of scores on the examination transmitted by a score transfer service approved by the board.
 - d. At the board's discretion, an interview with the board or its designees.

- e. If the applicant has not practiced physical therapy for three or more years, the applicant shall demonstrate to the board's satisfaction competence to practice physical therapy by one or more of the following as determined by the board:
 - (1) Practice for a specified time under a restricted license.
 - (2) Complete prescribed remedial courses.
 - (3) Complete continuing education or similar requirements for the period of the expired license.
 - (4) Pass an examination approved by the board.
- f. If the applicant is foreign trained, satisfactory completion of the 2015

 Federation of State Boards of Physical Therapy Coursework Tool, or a prior version in effect at the time of graduation from the physical therapy education program.

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective April 1, 1992;

December 1, 1994; July 1, 2004; April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5)

Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-04, 43-26.1-05

61.5-02-03. Registration requirements for graduates of foreign curricula. Repealed effective July 1, 2004.

61.5-02-04. Types of registration. Repealed effective July 1, 2004.

61.5-02-02-05. Renewal of licensure.

- 1. Licenses not renewed annually by January thirty-first will expire.
- 2. If a licensee fails to receive the renewal notice, it is the licensee's responsibility to contact the board before the January thirty-first deadline.
- 3. A licensee who fails to renew the license on or before the expiration date shall not practice as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant in this state, and may be subject to a late renewal fee.
- 4. Complete other educational requirements as prescribed by the board.
- 5. Each licensee is responsible for reporting to the board a name change and changes in business, email and home addresses within thirty days of the change.

6. All licensed physical therapists may be required to file with the board a notarized statement indicating they have read these administrative rules.

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective April 1, 1992;

December 1, 1994; July 1, 2004; April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5)

Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-08, 43-26.1-09

61.5-02-02-05.1. Reinstatement of licenses.

- 1. The board may reinstate an expired license upon payment of a renewal fee and reinstatement fee.
- 2. If a license has expired for more than one year, the licensee is not eligible for renewal, but must submit application for licensure.
- 3. Licensees whose licenses have lapsed and who have been unlicensed for more than one year but less than three years from the last renewal must reapply for licensure and provide evidence that the cumulative continuing education requirements have been met for the unlicensed period.
- 4. Licensees whose licenses have lapsed for more than three consecutive years must reapply for licensure and shall demonstrate to the board's satisfaction competence to practice physical therapy, by one or more of the following as determined by the board:
 - a. Practice for a specified time under a restricted license.
 - b. Complete prescribed remedial courses.
 - c. Complete continuing education or similar requirements for the period of the expired license.
 - d. Pass an examination approved by the board.

History: Effective April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5) **Law Implemented**: NDCC 43-26.1-09

61.5-02-02-06. Exceptions to licensure.

- 1. The following persons are exempt from North Dakota physical therapy licensure requirements when engaged in the following activities:
 - a. A person in a professional education program approved by the board who is pursuing a course of study leading to a degree as a physical therapist and who is satisfying supervised clinical

- education requirements related to the person's physical therapy education while under onsite supervision of a licensed physical therapist.
- b. A physical therapist who is practicing in the United States armed services, United States public health service, or veterans administration pursuant to federal regulation for state licensure of health care providers.
- c. A physical therapist who is licensed in another United States jurisdiction or a foreign-educated physical therapist credentialed in another country if that person is performing physical therapy in connection with teaching or participating in an educational seminar of no more than sixty days in a calendar year.
- d. A physical therapist who is licensed in another United States jurisdiction if that person is providing consultation by means of telecommunication to a physical therapist licensed in North Dakota.
- 2. If aides or students provide physical therapy services other than under direct supervision of a licensed physical therapist, or if students provide physical therapy services other than under on-site supervision of a licensed physical therapist, they are in violation of North Dakota Century Code chapter 43-26.1.
- 3. Upon application to the board, a physical therapist currently licensed in good standing in another state or jurisdiction, and who is not subject to any pending disciplinary proceeding, may practice physical therapy in North Dakota without obtaining licensure from the board provided the practice is limited to no more than thirty full or partial days per year. The one-year period starts on the date the board approves the written application. Prior to this limited practice, the physical therapist must apply to the board, using forms provided by the board, and pay a twenty-five dollar application fee. The application must include:
 - a. Verified documentation from the appropriate registration authority identifying the requirements for registration in that jurisdiction, confirming that the physical therapist is registered and in good standing in that jurisdiction, and confirming that the physical therapist is not subject to any pending disciplinary proceedings.

 b. The dates, locations, purpose, employer, and scope of limited practice the physical therapist intends to perform in North Dakota.

 c. Other information required by the board.

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective July 1, 2004; April 1, 2006. **General Authority**: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5), NDCC 43-51

Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-07

61.5-02-07. Grounds for disciplinary actions. The board may refuse to license any physical therapist or physical therapist assistant, may discipline, or may suspend or revoke the license of any physical therapist or physical therapist assistant for any of the following grounds:

- 1. Violating any provision of this chapter, board rules, or a written order of the board.
- 2. Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope of the practice of physical therapy.
- 3. Failing to refer a patient or client to an appropriate practitioner if the diagnostic process reveals findings that are outside the scope of a the physical therapist's knowledge, experience, or expertise.
- 4. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license by fraud or_misrepresentation.
- 5. Engaging in the performance of substandard physical therapy care due to a deliberate or negligent act or failure to act, regardless of whether actual injury to the patient is established.
- 6. Engaging in the performance of substandard care by a physical therapist assistant, including exceeding the authority to perform components of intervention selected by the supervising physical therapist regardless of whether actual injury to the patient is established.
- 7. Failing to supervise physical therapist assistants or physical therapy aides in accordance with this chapter and board rules.
- 8. A determination by the board that a licensee's conviction of an offense has direct bearing on the licensee's ability to serve the public as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant or that, following conviction of any offense, the holder is not sufficiently rehabilitated as provided under North Dakota Century Code section 12.1-33-02.1.
- 9. Practicing as a physical therapist or working as a physical therapist assistant when physical or mental abilities are impaired by the use of controlled substances or other habit-forming drugs, chemicals, alcohol, or by other causes.
- 10. Having had a license revoked or suspended, other disciplinary action taken, or an application for licensure refused, revoked, or suspended by the proper authorities of another state, territory, or country.

- 11. Engaging in sexual misconduct. For the purpose of this subsection, sexual misconduct includes:
 - a. Engaging in or soliciting sexual relationships, whether consensual or nonconsensual, while a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant-patient relationship exists, except with a spouse.
 - b. Making sexual advances, requesting sexual favors, or engaging in other verbal conduct or physical contact of a sexual nature with patients or clients.
 - c. Intentionally viewing a completely or partially disrobed patient in the course of treatment if the viewing is not related to patient diagnosis or treatment under current practice standards.
- 12. Failing to adhere to the standards of ethics of the physical therapy profession adopted by rule by the board.
- 13. Charging unreasonable or fraudulent fees for services performed or not performed.
- 14. Making misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in violation of this chapter or in the practice of the profession.
- 15. Having been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court.
- 16. Aiding and abetting a person who is not licensed in this state in the performance of activities requiring a license.
- 17. Failing to report to the board, when there is direct knowledge, any unprofessional, incompetent, or illegal acts that appear to be in violation of this chapter or any rules established by the board.
- 18. Interfering with an investigation or disciplinary proceeding by failure to cooperate, by willful misrepresentation of facts, or by the use of threats or harassment against any patient or witness to prevent that patient or witness from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or any legal action.
- 19. Failing to maintain adequate patient records. For the purposes of this subsection, "adequate patient records" means legible records that contain at a minimum sufficient information to identify the patient, an evaluation of objective findings, a diagnosis, a plan of care, a treatment record, and a discharge plan.

- 20. Failing to maintain patient confidentiality without the written authorization of the patient or unless otherwise permitted by law. All records used or resulting from a consultation under North Dakota Century Code section 43-51-03 are part of a patient's records and are subject to applicable confidentiality requirements.
- 21. Promoting any unnecessary device, treatment intervention, or service resulting in the financial gain of the practitioner or of a third party.
- 22. Providing treatment intervention unwarranted by the condition of the patient or continuing treatment beyond the point of reasonable benefit.
- 23. Participating in underutilization or overutilization of physical therapy services for personal or institutional financial gain.

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective July 1, 2004; April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5) Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-13

ARTICLE 61.5-03 CONTINUING COMPETENCE EDUCATION

Chapter	
61.5-03-01	Continuing Education Competence Requirement
61.5-03-02	Courses Activities and Credit Unit Standards
61.5-03-03	Verification of Compliance
61.5-03-04	Competence

CHAPTER 61.5-03-01 CONTINUING EDUCATION COMPETENCE REQUIREMENT

Section	
61.5-03-01-01	Continuing Education Competence Requirement
61.5-03-01-02	Hours, Units Effective Date, and Requirements

61.5-03-01-01. Continuing education <u>competence</u> requirement. The board shall establish, and revise as it deems necessary, rules and regulations to require <u>some form or system completion</u> of continuing <u>education competence activities</u> as a requirement for licensure or relicensure as a physical therapist or a physical therapist assistant.

History: Effective December 1, 1980; amended effective April 1, 1992; April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5) **Law Implemented:** NDCC 43-26.1-03(7)

61.5-03-01-02. Hours Units, effective date, and requirements. Effective January 31, 1992, all All physical therapists and physical therapist assistants must

obtain twenty-five contact hours units of continuing education competence every two years to be eligible for licensure or relicensure. One contact hour equals sixty minutes of instruction. Unit values are determined by the Board based on the complexity and educational value of the activity. There may shall be no carryover of credit hours continuing competence units to the next reporting period. The committee Board shall determine reporting groups, methods, and deadlines.

History: Effective April 1, 1992; amended effective April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5) **Law Implemented:** NDCC 43-26.1-03(7)

CHAPTER 61.5-03-02

COURSES AND CREDIT CONTINUING COMPETENCE ACTIVITIES AND UNIT STANDARDS

Section

61.5-03-02-01 Course Activity Content 61.5-03-02-02 Credit Unit Standards

61.5-03-02-01. Course Activity content. Twenty-five contact hours units are required every two years. At least fifteen of the required hours units must shall be clinically related, and certified activities. five of which may be cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Nonclinical courses and approved activities shall must relate to a therapist's job responsibilities. Certified activities have completed a certification process to determine if the activity meets a minimal threshold of required criteria. Certified activities include all All continuing education courses competence activities related to physical therapy sponsored by the American Physical Therapy Association, state physical therapy associations, medical institutions, or educational institutions or certified by the Federation of State Boards of Physical Therapy and are automatically approved certified activities. Any continuing education competence activities courses planned, sponsored, or cosponsored by the arthritis foundation, the American Heart Association, or other similar national or state health organizations, which meet the credit standards of section 61.5-03-02-02, are automatically approved as certified activities. Any postsecondary coursework taken at an accredited educational institution will be automatically approved as certified activities, provided the coursework meets the credit standards. Approved activities do not go through a formal certification process because these activities would be difficult to certify. Approved activities are assigned a set value as a group versus each individual activity being assigned a value.

History: Effective April 1, 1992.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5) **Law Implemented:** NDCC 43-26.1-03(7)

61.5-03-02-02. Credit Unit standards. The following credit unit standards apply to any continuing education course competence activity that is intended to meet the

continuing <u>education competence</u> requirements for physical therapists or physical therapist assistants:

- The educational activities must shall have significant intellectual or practical content dealing primarily with matters directly related to the practice of physical therapy or to the professional responsibility or ethical obligations of the participants.
- 2. Each person making a presentation at a continuing education course must competence activity shall be qualified by practical or academic experience to teach the subject the person covers.
- 3. Participants shall attend educational activities in a classroom or other setting suitable for the activity. Video, motion picture, or sound presentations may be used.
- 4. Credit may not be given for entertainment or recreational activities or programs, employment orientation sessions, holding an office or serving as an organizational delegate, meeting for the purpose of making policy, or noneducational association meetings.
- 5. Credit may not be given for meals, keynote speeches, introductory or preliminary sessions, post-session activities, and similar events associated with continuing education-competence programs.
- 6. A person teaching an approved continuing education course must competence activity shall be awarded additional credit for preparation time not to exceed a ratio of five to one between preparation time and presentation time respectively. Presentation time counts as contact hours for continuing education purposes. This credit may be taken for only one course annually.
- 7. Coursework may be acquired through self-study, provided that the coursework is accompanied by appropriate written materials.

History: Effective April 1, 1992; amended effective July 1, 2004.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5) Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-03(7)

CHAPTER 61.5-03-03

VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

Section

61.5-03-03-01 Verification of Compliance

61.5-03-03-01. Verification of compliance.

- 1. At the January license renewal deadline immediately following their two-year continuing education competence cycle, registrants shall provide signed and notarized statement provided by the board listing attestation to completing the continuing education courses competence activities taken and indicating compliance with the required twenty-five hours units of continuing education competence. The board, in its discretion, may require additional evidence necessary from a licensee to verify compliance.
- 2. The board shall periodically select a sample of the licensed physical therapists and may request 10% of licensees each year for evidence of the continuing education competence to which they have attested. Documentation may come directly from the licensee or from state or national organizations that maintain those types of records.
- 3. A person who claims extenuating circumstances in not being able to meet the continuing education competence requirements shall petition the board for consideration of those special conditions.
- 4. As of January 31, 1992, licensees Licensees applying for licensure in North Dakota for the first time from other states or countries who do not have twenty-five hours units of continuing education credits competence within the last two years will be required to complete thirteen hours of continuing education competence within a year of their initial licensure in North Dakota, and will thereafter be on the two-year continuing education competence cycle provided in these rules.

History: Effective April 1, 1992; amended effective July 1, 2004; April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5) **Law Implemented:** NDCC 43-26.1-03(7)

CHAPTER 61.5-03-04 COMPETENCE

Section

61.5-03-04-01 Evidence of Competence

61.5-03-04-01. Evidence of competence.

- 1. Qualification for manual therapy as defined in subsection 3 of North Dakota Century Code section 43-26.1-01 and subsection 6 of North Dakota Administrative Code section 61.5-01-02-01, other than high velocity, low amplitude thrust manual therapy, include:
 - a. Graduate of a United States accredited, entry-level physical

therapy therapist program.

- b. Foreign-educated licensees would have to show evidence of entry-level training in manual therapy techniques as part of their curriculum.
- <u>Physical Therapist Assistants may perform soft tissue mobilization</u>
 when the physical therapist has determined that the physical
 therapist assistant has the necessary degree of education, training
 and skill for safe patient care.
- 2. Qualification for high velocity, low amplitude thrust manual therapy must include one or more of the following:
 - a. Graduate from entry-level, Commission on Accreditation of Physical Therapy Education accredited doctor of physical therapy programs from the university of North Dakota or university of Mary within the state of North Dakota.
 - b. Graduates from other physical therapy programs would have to submit evidence showing that high velocity, low amplitude thrust techniques were included in their entry-level educational program.
 - c. Hold the orthopedic clinical specialist (OCS) or sports clinical specialist (SCS) certification from the American physical therapy association with documentation that high velocity, low amplitude thrust techniques were included in the study program.
 - d. Complete a formal, credentialed manual therapy fellowship or other certification.
 - e. Successful completion of post entry-level education in high velocity, low amplitude thrust techniques.
- 3. In addition to the above criteria, licensees are also bound by the regulations listed in North Dakota Century Code section 43-26.1-13 regarding practicing beyond their scope of practice or performing substandard physical therapy care as being grounds for disciplinary actions and North Dakota Century Code section 43-26.1-11 concerning patient care management. Physical therapists are mandated by North Dakota Administrative Code section 61.5-03-01-02 to obtain twenty-five contact hours units of continuing education competence every two years.

History: Effective April 1, 2006.

General Authority: NDCC 43-26.1-03(5)

Law Implemented: NDCC 43-26.1-03(7), 43-26.1-14(1)